

# Safeguarding Information, Guidance and Procedure

This policy was adopted on:	5 <sup>th</sup> February 2024
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# **General Safeguarding Information and Guidance**

(this general information and guidance should be read in conjunction with the West Wolds Safeguarding Policy)

It is a legal requirement of all the Charity Commissions that all u3as (and other charities) must have a safeguarding policy in place to protect their members.

#### 1. What is safeguarding?

"Safeguarding" refers to measures designed to protect the health, wellbeing and human rights of individuals.

- All u3a members have a responsibility to report any safeguarding concerns to their committee.
- All u3a committee members have an obligation to follow their safeguarding policy and procedure if they suspect that a member is at risk of abuse.

#### 2. What are some examples of where safeguarding procedures may be activated?

- A member controlling the finances of a visually impaired member.
- A member arriving at an outdoor-based group without appropriate clothing and seemingly confused.
- A member making advances towards another member with dementia.

#### 3. What is the responsibility of members in safeguarding?

Safeguarding is everyone's responsibility, and members must bring any safeguarding concerns they have to their committee (this can be via their group leader). Members should follow their code of conduct and not keep any concerns they have to themselves.

#### 4. What is the responsibility of the committee in safeguarding?

All trustees must take reasonable steps to protect anyone who comes in contact with u3a from harm. Every trustee should have clear oversight of how safeguarding and protecting people from harm are managed within the u3a. Trustees must report all safeguarding concerns to the relevant safeguarding authorities promptly. Trustees should support those involved in safeguarding incidents but should not lead safeguarding investigations - this must be left to the authority it is referred to (e.g., social services).

Once a safeguarding concern has been raised, it should be referred onto the appropriate authority. Usually, this would be the local authority or social services in England, Scotland and Wales and the HSC Trust in Northern Ireland. In cases where the individuals involved are in immediate danger you should call 999. Additionally, **Hourglass (previously Action on Elder Abuse)** <a href="https://www.wearehourglass.org">https://www.wearehourglass.org</a> is a confidential support and advice for older people who have been abused or people who know an older person who may be suffering abuse. Available weekdays 9am - 5pm on freephone 0808 808 8141.

#### 5. What are the signs and indicators of abuse and neglect?

Abuse may be inflicted by anyone that the member comes into contact with. There are many signs and indicators that may suggest abuse or neglect including:

- Unexplained bruises or injuries or lack of medical attention for an injury
- Non attendance at interest groups without reason and no response to reminders from group leaders or other members.
- Significant loss or gain of weight and/or an unkempt appearance.
- A change in the behaviour or confidence of a member, where they become quiet and withdrawn, or lash out in anger.
- A member showing fear of a particular group or individual.
- A member who sends unwanted sexually explicit text messages to a vulnerable member
- Threats of physical harm and bullying, or intentional striking of another member.
- Additionally, a member may report they are being abused -i.e., a disclosure.

#### 6. How do you deal with a disclosed safeguarding concern?

If someone discloses a safeguarding concern to you:

#### Do:

- Stay calm and try not to show shock or disbelief.
- Listen carefully to what they are saying.
- Be sympathetic ("I'm sorry that this has happened to you").
- Be aware of the possibility that medical evidence might be needed.
- Tell the person that:
  - They did the right thing to tell you.
  - You are treating the information seriously. It was not their fault.
  - You are going to inform the appropriate person.
  - You/ will take steps to protect and support them.
- Record and report the disclosure in line with your safeguarding policy and procedure.

#### Do not:

- Press the person for more details if they are not comfortable sharing.
- Stop someone who is freely recalling significant events (Don't say 'hold on, we'll come back to that later'; they may not tell you or anybody else again).
- Promise to keep secrets; you have a duty of care to raise safeguarding concerns.
- Make promises you cannot keep such as "this will never happen to you again".
- Contact the alleged abuser unless they are also a u3a member and it is necessary to do so to safeguard other members.
- Be judgemental.
- Pass on the information other than to those with a legitimate 'need-to-know' under your safeguarding policy and procedure.

#### 7. How should you record a safeguarding concern?

Note what people actually said, using their own words and phrases.

- Describe the circumstances in which the disclosure came about.
- Note the setting and anyone else who was there at the time of the disclosure.
- Separate factual information from your own and others' opinions.
- Use pen or biro with black ink so that the report can be photocopied if needed.
- Be aware that your report may be required later as part of a legal action or disciplinary procedure.

#### 8. Key definitions

#### Adult at risk

Any person aged 18+ who has need for care and support, is experiencing, or is at risk of abuse or neglect, and as a result of those needs is unable to protect themselves against the abuse or neglect, or risk of it.

#### Abuse

is the "violation of a person's human and civil rights by any other person(s). It may be a single or repeated act(s), physical verbal, psychological, sexual, institutional, discriminatory, or financial, an act of neglect or failure to act".

#### Types of abuse

- **Physical abuse** e.g. assault, hitting, slapping, pushing.
- **Domestic violence** e.g. psychological, physical, sexual, financial, emotional.
- **Sexual abuse** including inappropriate looking or touching, indecent exposure and sexual harassment.

- **Psychological abuse** e.g., threats of harm, humiliation, blaming, controlling, intimidation, coercion, harassment, verbal abuse, cyber bullying, isolation.
- **Financial or material abuse** e.g., theft, fraud, internet scamming, coercion in an adult's financial affairs/arrangements, including with wills, property, inheritance or finances, or the misuse/misappropriation of property, possessions or benefits.
- **Modern slavery** encompasses slavery, human trafficking, forced labour and domestic servitude.
- **Discriminatory abuse** including harassment, slurs, or similar treatment because of race, gender and gender identity, age, disability, sexual orientation or religion.
- **Organisational abuse** including neglect in relation to care provided at home. This may be a one off incident or on-going ill-treatment, through neglect or poor professional practice.
- **Neglect and acts of omission** including ignoring medical, emotional or physical care needs, failure to provide access to appropriate health, care and support or educational services, withholding of medication, adequate nutrition and heating.
- **Self-neglect** this covers a wide range of behaviour neglecting to care for one's personal hygiene, health or surroundings and includes behaviour such as hoarding.

# **Procedure**

#### Introduction

West Wolds u3a has a responsibility to ensure that its committee members and group leaders understand their safeguarding responsibilities.

Depending on the nature of the allegation and the identified risk, West Wolds u3a will support the alleged victims and the alleged perpetrators of any abuse as well as any volunteer who becomes aware of an allegation in so far as this does not compromise any safeguarding enquiry or investigation into the allegation or place other adults at risk.

West Wolds u3a will make every effort to respect the confidentiality of any information that is disclosed under this policy and procedure, however due to the seriousness of allegations confidentiality is not absolute. Information will be recorded and stored securely in accordance with Data Protection Act 2018 but information may have to be shared with relevant authorities on a 'need-to-know' basis only, to prevent:

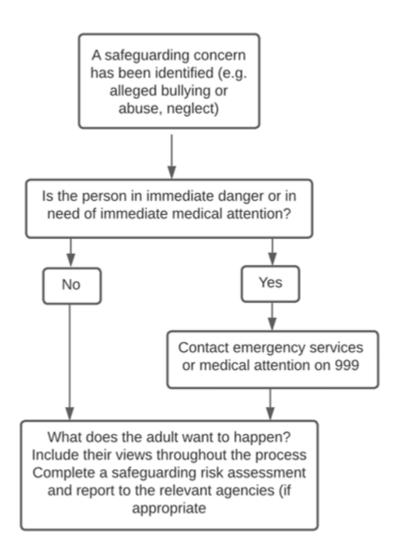
- Danger to a person's life
- Danger to a person's health
- Danger to others
- Danger to the community
- To facilitate the investigation of a serious crime

#### **Courses of action**

- West Wolds u3a's approach to safeguarding will include members who exhibit health concerns that could put themselves or others at risk, convictions (previous or pending) that include offences of a sexual or violent nature, inappropriate behaviour exhibited by a member including sexual advances, bullying, aggression or violent behaviour, harassment and/or discrimination. This can include behaviour exhibited face to face as well as electronic communications or via social media platforms.
- Where the committee becomes aware of a safeguarding concern, steps will be taken, as needed, to ensure the safety of adult/s at risk is secured as a priority. The steps to take to address this will be discussed and agreed between the Executive Officers of the committee in the first instance. No committee member will act in isolation when dealing with a safeguarding concern. The steps taken should be documented and stored securely in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018.

- Where West Wolds u3a committee becomes aware of a safeguarding concern, the first step will be to gather as much information as possible to assist with the decision as to the next steps. A risk assessment will be developed and recorded as soon as possible after the concern comes to the attention of the committee.
- Where it is deemed that the risk is high and immediate action needs to be taken, the committee will contact the relevant authorities and the Trust for advice and support.
- As far as possible, the adult at risk's wishes will be respected as to whether or not to refer any concerns to the local authority as a Safeguarding Enquiry under Section 42 of the Care Act 2014. However, it may be necessary to override their wishes in the best interests of other adults at risk.
- In developing the risk assessment, the committee will consider the level of risk and the action that needs to be taken accordingly. Assessment of risk will include:
- Risk to the individual member
- Risk to other members within the u3a
- Reputational risk for the individual u3a and the u3a movement as a whole
- Where the risk is not deemed to be high but support is needed, West Woldsu3a will contact the Trust to discuss the concerns and seek additional assistance in developing the risk assessment. Assistance will always be sought before moving to exclude any member from the u3a on the basis of a safeguarding risk assessment.
- Once the risk assessment is completed, the committee will decide as to the most appropriate course of action. This could include excluding members from certain groups i.e., groups held in people's homes, requesting that a member attends the u3a with a carer or excluding a member from a group run by a particular group leader.
- Depending on the nature of the allegation it may be necessary to pursue the incident following West Wolds u3a's complaints or disciplinary procedure. Where it is decided that this is the best course of action the matter will not be investigated by any party that was privy to the initial reporting of the incident.
- All actions taken will be recorded. Any records will remain confidential to the committee unless a prior decision has been taken to share the record with the relevant statutory bodies.

### Flow diagram for dealing with safeguarding concerns



# Report a Safeguarding Concern

#### **Lincolnshire Safeguarding Adults Board (LSAB)**

If you believe that an adult may be a victim of neglect, abuse or cruelty call:

- Adults safeguarding 01522 782155 (Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm)
- or 01522 782333 (outside office hours)

You do not need to know everything about the situation. You may just be worried or feel that something is not right.

#### **Police**

If you believe that a crime has been committed and there is an immediate risk of danger, call the police on 999 or 112.

If there is no immediate danger, call the police on 101.

People who are deaf, hard of hearing or speech impaired can use the police Typetalk service on:

- 01522 558263
- or, 01522 558140
- or, 07761 911287

#### **Domestic Abuse**

If you have a concern about domestic abuse, call EDAN Lines on 01522 510041.

#### **Further information/training**

General u3a office

020 8466 6139 https://u3a.office@u3a.org.uk

Ann Craft Trust

https://www.anncrafttrust.org

Gov. UK Safeguarding Policy: Protecting Vulnerable Adults

https://www.gov.uk

Hourglass (formerly Action on Elder Abuse)

https://wearehourglass.org